Final Statement
Concerning Beijing +15 process Review at Commission on the Status of Women
New York, March 4th, 2010

The Fourth World Conference on Women produced the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action (BPfA), a comprehensive women’s human rights paradigm that envisioned the transformation of power relations. This was a global vision of social justice, equality, development and peace. Fifteen years later, the BPfA would seem to be considered by governments as technical instrument, and its substance has been depoliticised and diluted. The key implementation strategy of gender mainstreaming has lost its critical perspective and transformative purpose in terms of power relations and inequalities.

Women’s organizations have been the driving force behind the Beijing process. We note the Secretary General’s repeated emphasis on the importance of civil society to the work of the UN, particularly in relation to the achievement of women’s rights. As representatives of such organizations we are deeply concerned that the spaces for influencing decision making by women’s organizations at the Beijing+15 Review have been significantly reduced. This is manifested by:
- The Declaration on the occasion of the fifteenth anniversary of the Fourth World Conference on Women having been agreed ahead of time and adopted without consultations with civil society.
- The absence of information on opportunities for civil society to influence the conduct and outcome of the CSW meetings and the Declaration.
- Poor logistics and facilities that have prevented women from participating effectively.

The 54th Session of CSW was intended to be the opportunity to review progress and promote the implementation of the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action. However, in its failure to strongly reaffirm and commit to renewed and concrete actions and resources to implement the BPfA, the Declaration represents a backward step.

The Declaration appears to overstate the progress made, and to ignore the slow and partial nature of implementation. It underestimates the degree and types of challenges that remain for women in their multiple identities, including the persistence of all forms of violence against women. It fails to take into account changes in the global and local contexts.

The current context of multiple crises--such as the food, energy, climate change, care , economic and financial crises--new forms of insecurity, new aid modalities, internationalization of conflicts, perpetuation of the feminization of poverty and the ongoing struggle around women’s health issues, including Sexual Reproductive Health and Rights and HIV/AIDS, have created challenges not present 15 years ago.

For this reason, we call upon the Secretary General, the Chairperson of the CSW and Member States to take all opportunities associated with the forthcoming global negotiations in relation to Special High Level Meeting of ECOSOC with the Bretton Woods Institutions, World Trade Organization and the UNCTAD and the 2010 Millennium Development Goals (MDG) Summit in order to recover the transformative nature of the BPfA by:
- Reaffirming the BPfA both as a comprehensive, critical and human rights framework that requires full implementation as a matter of urgency and as integral to and a prerequisite for the implementation of the MDGs.
- Ensuring that civil society, including women’s organizations, is able to participate meaningfully and that young women are empowered to become future leaders of these processes.
- Committing to an accountability framework for the BPfA with concrete benchmarks and timetables.
- Ensuring adequate funding for gender equality policies, programmes and institutional mechanisms and for women’s rights organizations through the implementation, among others, of the 2008 Doha Declaration on Financing for Development, which has strong and concrete commitments to gender equality and women’s empowerment.
- Protecting the policy space of countries so that they will have the flexibility to determine their development pathways consistently with universal women’s rights and global commitments.
- Creating in 2010 a strong, well-resourced UN Women’s Rights and Gender Equality Entity with strong operational capacity and ability to hold the UN to account as well as strong mechanisms for meaningful civil society participation as supported and articulated by the GEAR (Gender Entity Architecture Reform) campaign.

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Communication Network/FEMNET; Network for Women’s Rights in Ghana, NETRIGHT; REPEM (Red de Educación Popular Entre Mujeres de América Latina y el Caribe); Red de Salud de las Mujeres Latinoamericanas y del Caribe; RSMLAC; Red Mujer y Hábitat Latinoamérica; Red de Mujeres Afrocaribeñas, Afrolatinomeamericanas y de la Diáspora; Consorcio para el Diálogo Parlamentario y la Equidad (Mexico); Red Nacional de Mujeres, Colombia; Foro de Mujeres y Políticas de Población (México); Confluencia de redes de Mujeres, Colombia; Mesa por la Vida y la Salud de las Mujeres, Colombia; Equidad de Género: Ciudadanía, Trabajo y Familia A.C. (México); DDESER/ Red por los Derechos Sexuales y Reproductivos en México ((México); GIRE, Grupo de Información en Reproducción Elegida, México; Centro de Estudios para la Acción Femenina (Republica Dominicana); Feministas en Marcha (Puerto Rico); Geledés - Instituto da Mulher Negra (Brasil); Articulação de ONGs de Mulheres Negras Brasileiras (Brasil); Mujeres Sonorenses en Acción MUSA (México); Milenio Feminista (México); Programa Feminista Centroamericana la Corriente (Nicaragua); Red de Observatorios de Violencia Social y de Género (México); Red de Observatorios de Violencia Social y de Género (México); Espacio Espiral, Promoción Cultural, Desarrollo Sustentable y Equidad AC (México); Balance Promoción para el Desarrollo y Juventud (México); Forum de Política Feminista –Spain; PPIINA (Plataforma por Permisos Iguales e INtransferibles de Nacimiento y Adopción).- Spain, PLENT (Platform for Equal & Non-Transferable Parental Leave) – Europe; Le Monde Selon les Femmes- Belgique; Teamsters Canada; Syndicat canadien des communications, énergie et du papier (SCEP); Public Service Alliance of Canada; Canadian Teachers’ Federation; Canadian Union of Public Employees; Fédération interprofessionnelle de la santé du Québec – FIQ; L’Alliance canadienne féministe pour l’action internationale (AFAI), Albert Federation of Labour (AFL); Autonomous Women’s Center, Belgrade; NWCI; MATCH International; Canadian Federation of University Women (CFUW); Canadian Federation of University Women; Confrontations, Utopia; Human Rights in Democracy Centre (HRDC), Albania; Arab NGO Network for Development (ANND); La Diaspora Solidaria (LatinAmerican women in Europe's fund); Udruženje’Zenski razvojni centar’/Association’Women’s development center’; WomanAction; NGO Women’s Safe house Podgorica, Montenegro; Feminist Legal Studies, Queen’s University (Canada); ALTERO-Association for personal training, education, development and empowerment, Serbia; Centro de la Mujer Peruana Flora Tristán; HOPE Pakistan.

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